





# Understanding the Disconnect ...

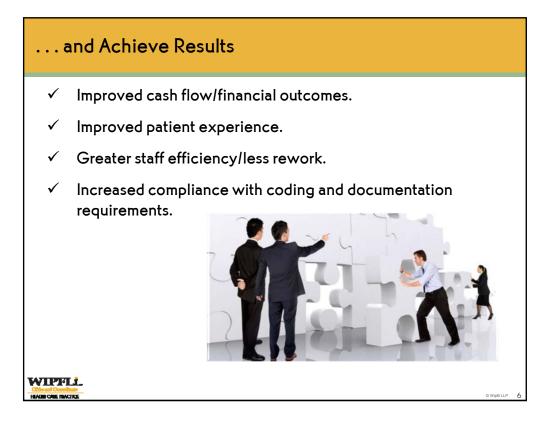
#### Business Office focus:

- Verify insurance/demographic
- Pre-authorizations
- Collections
- Charge entry
- Coding/documentation
- Claim submission
- Payment posting
- Denials/resubmissions
- Account resolution

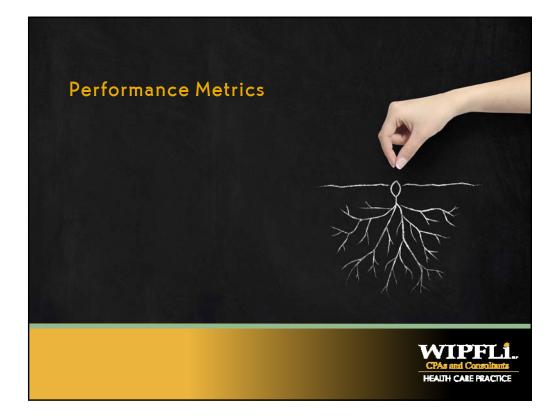


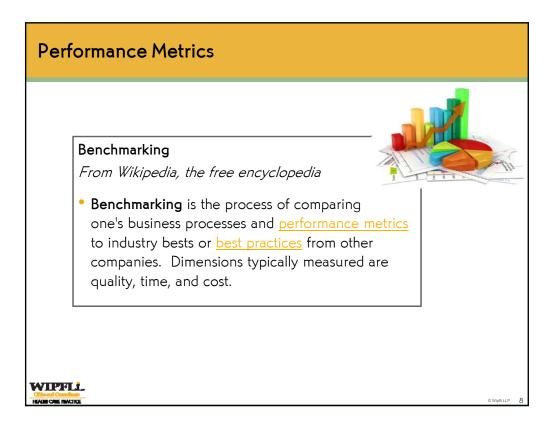














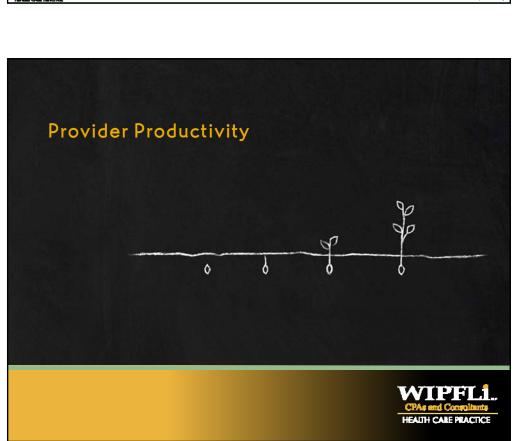
# **Performance Metrics**

External benchmarks and internal data can be useful in focusing attention on financial and operational opportunities for improvement.

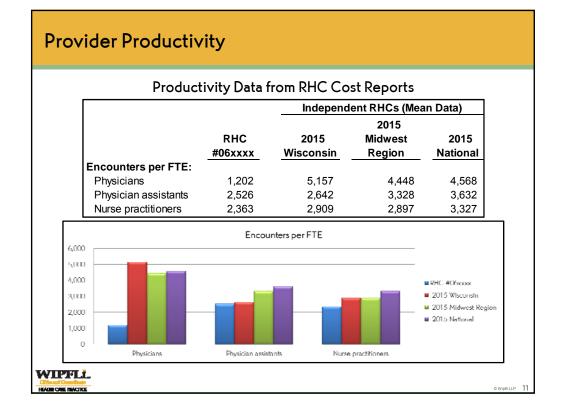
Gaps in comparative key performance indicators can be identified in targeted areas of clinic operations.

For example:

- Provider Productivity
- Accounts Receivable Management
- Billing and Collections







	Provid	der Prod	uctivity	Data -	wRVUs			
		Provide	/ Family C r Productivity iscal Year 201	Analysis				
			_			MGMA Percentile		
Provider Name	Specialty	RHC FTE	wRVU	25th	Median	75th	90th	Grouping
	Family Practice	1.00	2,100	3,695	4,763	5,887	7,342	<25th
	Family Practice	1.00	2,200	3,695	4,763	5,887	7,342	<25th
	Nurse Practioner Family Practice	1.00	1,100 3,400	2,333 3,695	3,416 4,763	4,104 5,887	4,797 7,342	<25th <25th
	Nurse Practioner	0.80	2,100	3,895 1,866	2,733	3,283	3,838	<50th
otal		4.80	10,900	15,284	20,438	25,048	30,661	<25th
IGMA Physician Compensatio	on and Production Survey, 2014,	Work Relative Value	Units by Geograpi		<sup>All Practices</sup> Total actu 25 <sup>th</sup> perce		ls below	



# **Provider Productivity**

Improving provider productivity is often one of the most challenging yet impactful opportunities for improvement in a medical clinic.

Given the difficulties in provider recruitment, organizations often cannot expand services or care for more patients without finding ways to improve patient flow and throughput in the clinic.



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# **Provider Productivity**

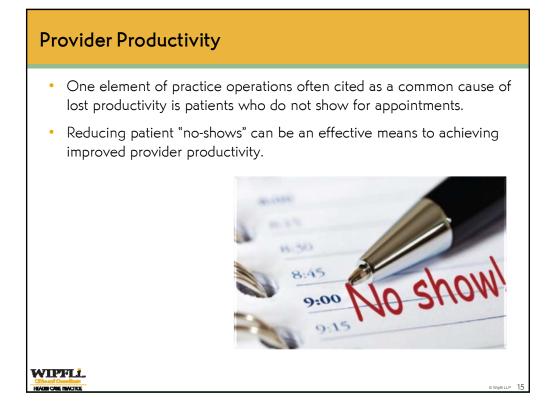
**Leadership**...Goal to improve performance through increased provider productivity.

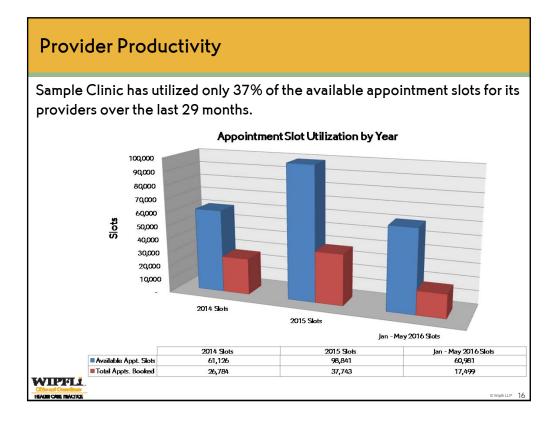


**Business Office ...** Goal to identify and remove the barriers to improved productivity.

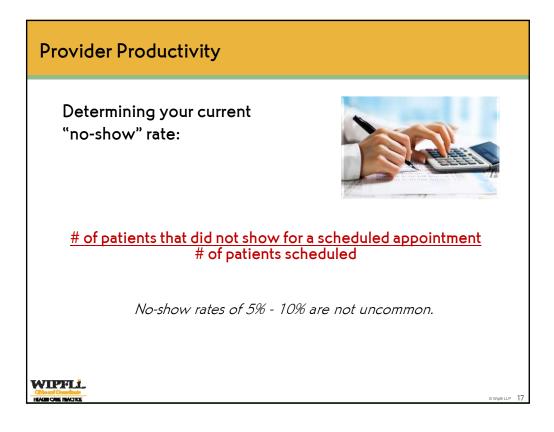


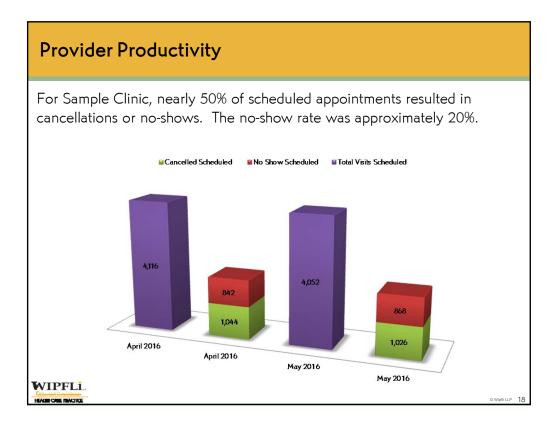




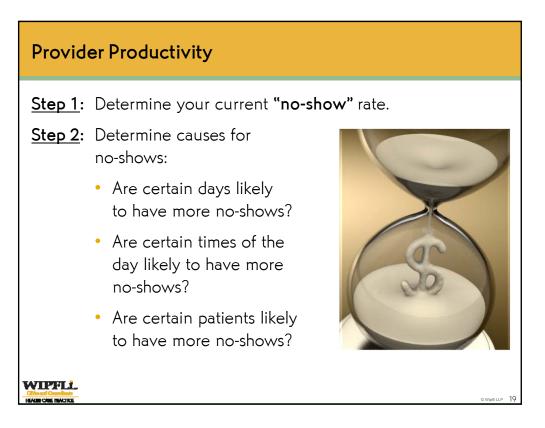


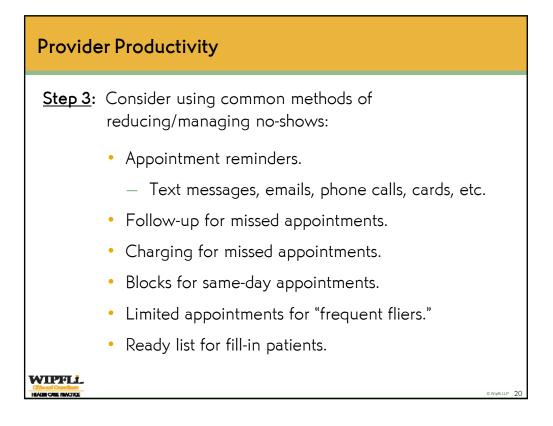




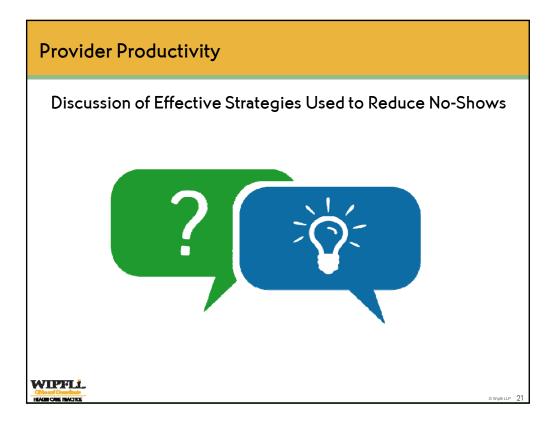


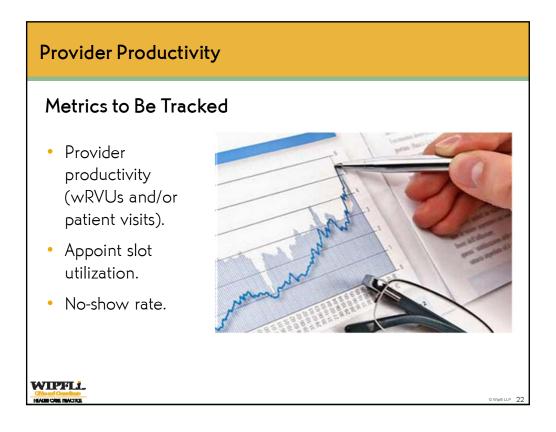




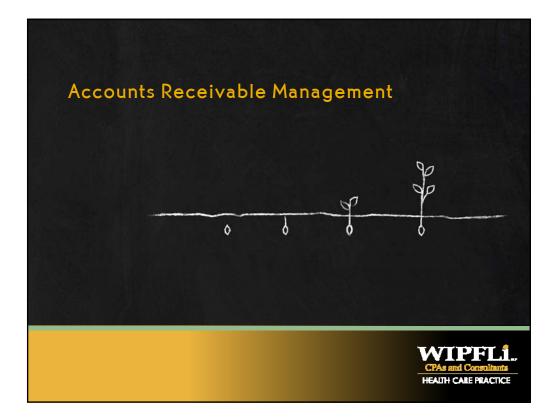












# Accounts Receivable Management

Accounts receivable represent amounts owed to the organization by patients and third-party payers (insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, etc.).

Improving the management of accounts receivable will result in a reduction in the total amount of the receivable, and an increase in cash flow.





## Accounts Receivable Management

**Leadership**...Goal to reduce receivables and improve cash flow.



**Business Office** ... Goal to identify and remove barriers to reduce the time between service delivery and cash receipts.



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# Accounts Receivable Management

## Revenue Cycle Lag Times

The time it takes to convert a service to payment is often too long.

One Client's "Lag" Time Between Key Revenue Cycle Steps:

Process	Avg. Days	Comments
DOS to Signature date	9	Wide range of timing (from zero to 64 days)
DOS to Claim	32	Reflects client's 30-day claims submission policy
Claim to Payment	69	With a wide range (from 27 to 106 days, with clustering at 45-55)

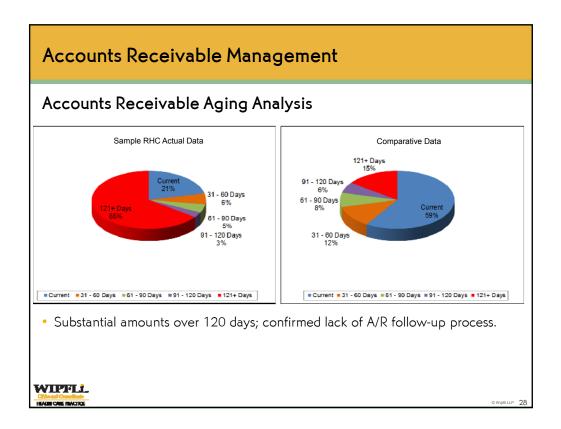
- The signature lag is longer than this clinic's identified goal of one week and the industry standard (< 72 hours, with best practice moving to within 24 hours).
- The claim lag is longer than industry standard, which is moving to less than one week.
- The payment lag is long given this clinic's payer mix; it would be closer to industry standard of 10-14 days with electronic payment posting.



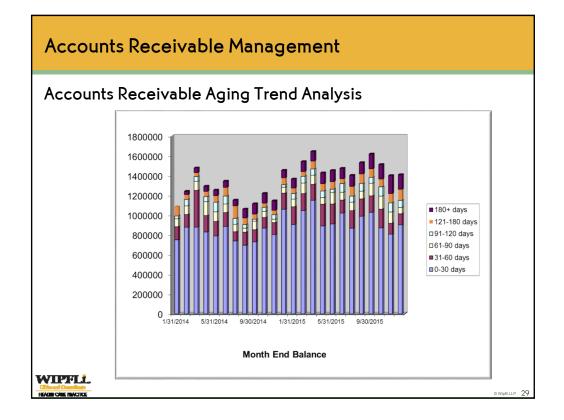
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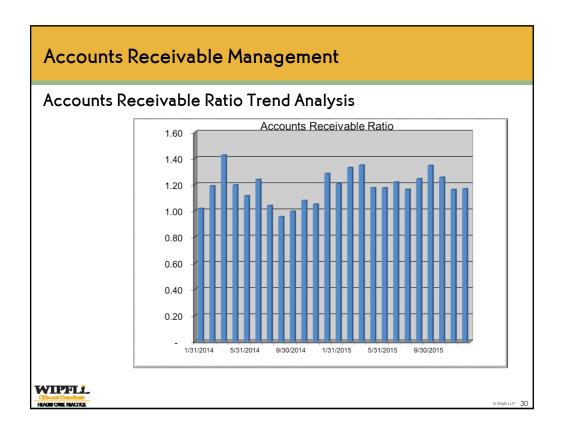


Accounts Sample Pa								
·	-		Days i	in A/R			An	alysis
Description	0-30	31-60	61-90	91-120	121+	TOTAL	% Over 90 days	> 90 Days as % of Total A/R
MA	583,887	302,420	239,713	199,047	219,970	1,545,037	27%	(32%)
MA MGD CARE	244,918	209,888	125,383	123,523	155,287	858,999	32%	18%
BC/BS	244,366	181,548	67,745	57,347	121,366	672,372	27%	14%
PRIVATE PAY	38,532	21,087	42,364	35,312	240,957	378,252	73%	8%
UBH CLAIMS 1	92,314	83,955	19,277	8,187	133,455	337,189	42%	7%
UNITED HC	45,007	27,181	20,074	11,752	58,661	162,674	43%	3%
	1,627,255	1,083,857	595,268	488,758	1,083,040	4,878,177		
	33%	22%	12%	10%	22%	100%	,	
<ul> <li>Substantiv</li> </ul>	ve amou	nts over	90 days	involve a	limited	number	of pay	ers.
• MA is this	clinic's l	argest pa	ayer, and	32% of	Total A/F	R is over	90 da <u>y</u>	ys.
• Private pa	ay balanc	es are m	ostly ove	er 90 day	/s (73%).			
Mercel Committante Anne committante			NOTE: 1	able includes on	ly payers with \$1	20,000 or more i	in A/R.	© Wipfii LLP









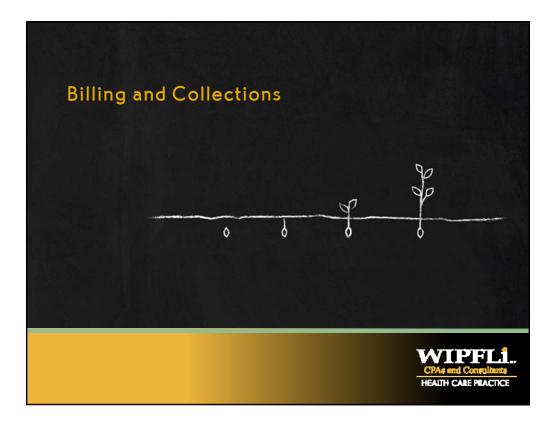


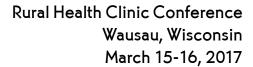
# Accounts Receivable Management Metrics

### Metrics to Be Tracked

- Lag time from date of service to provider signature (diminishing, to within 48 hours for clinic visits and three to seven days for hospital).
- Lag time from provider signature to claim filing (diminishing, to within 48 hours).
- Unbilled encounters (diminishing; 0 over 7 days from DOS).
- Total accounts receivable ratio (target 1.0 months).
- Accounts receivable aging (over 120 days < 15%; over 120 days for third-party payers is -0-).
- Credit balance accounts (over 60 days is -0-).









## **Billing and Collections**

- Timely and accurate billing along with efficient and effective collections can lead to improved accounts receivable management (i.e., cash flow), as well as increased profitability.
- Improved billing and collections involve more than reducing the cycle from service delivery to cash receipts, it is also increasing the amount of cash that is ultimately received.

## **Billing and Collections**

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**Leadership**...Goal to increase collections and improve profitability.

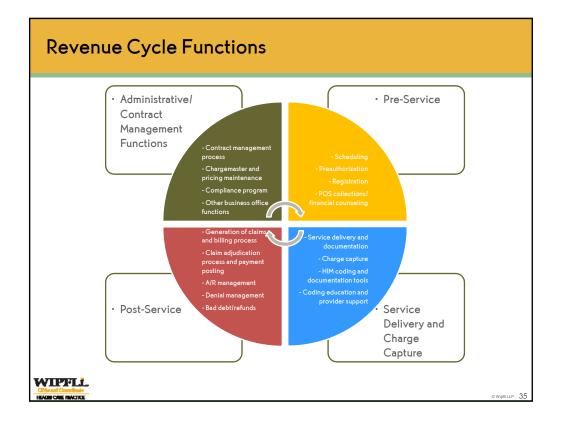


**Business Office** ... Goal to identify and remove barriers to collecting payments and increasing payments received.



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CPAs and Consultants HEALTH CARE PRACTICE

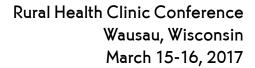


# **Billing and Collections**

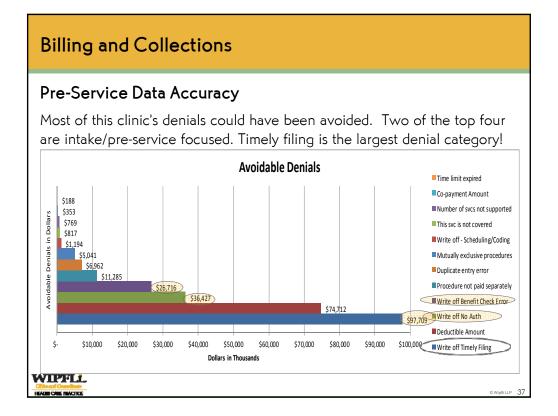
## Payer Denial Review and Analysis

Top denials (and ensuing write-offs) generally fall under a limited number of categories, frequently issues that are avoidable.

74,712 11,285	\$ \$	voidable 97,709 36,427 26,716	* \$ \$ \$ \$	rite-off \$ 97,709 36,427 26,716 74,712 11,285	Write-off % 37% 14% 10% 28% 4%
11,285	\$	36,427	\$ \$ \$	36,427 26,716 74,712	14% 10% 28%
11,285		•	\$ \$	26,716 74,712	10% 28%
11,285	\$	26,716	\$	74,712	28%
11,285				,	-
,			\$	11.285	4%
7 4 2 0				/	170
7,620			\$	7,620	3%
5,041			\$	5,041	2%
101,034	\$	164,172	\$	265,206	
38%		62%			
	101,034 38%	101,034 \$	101,034     \$ 164,172       38%     62%	101,034     \$     164,172     \$       38%     62%	101,034       \$ 164,172       \$ 265,206         38%       62%







# **Billing and Collections**

Top Medicare Claim Errors (*NGS, February 2017*)

B-7:

• This provider was not certified/eligible to be paid for this procedure/service on this date of service.

#### CO-19:

• Claim not covered by this payer/contractor.

#### CO-140:

• Patient/insured health identification number and name do not match.

#### CO-B9:

• Patient is enrolled in hospice.

MA-122:

Missing/incomplete/invalid initial treatment date.



# **Billing and Collections**

#### Payer Contract Management Process

- Do you use a payer "report card" approach to analyzing contracts?
  - Payment accuracy rate
  - Number of days in A/R
  - Pattern for accounts past 60 days in A/R
  - Percentage of claims under appeal
  - Percentage of claims reprocessed
  - Ease of customer service
- Who are your "best" and "worst" payers?



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# **Billing and Collections**

#### Metrics to Be Tracked:

- Percentage of avoidable claim denials (decreasing target 0%).
- Percentage of new patients having eligibility and benefits checked before service (target 100%).
- Percentage of eligible copays collected (increasing).
- Average total charges per encounter (consistency).
- Provider/coder team coding accuracy rate (improving).
- E/M utilization patterns compared to:
  - External same-specialty norms
  - Internal same-specialty use



# Revenue Cycle Metrics – Contract Management

#### Metrics to Be Tracked

- Practice payer mix and recent trends
- Payer contract provisions and comparative performance/grading
- Collection/payment rates by payer
- Payer profitability analysis (comparison of payer reimbursement and cost of services provided)
- Fee schedule/chargemaster maintenance





