2023 tax rate quick guide



Corporate income tax rate

Flat rate of 21%

Standard mileage rates	
Business use of auto	\$0.655 per mile
Charitable contribution	\$0.14 per mile
Medical	\$0.22 per mile
Moving (military)	\$0.22 per mile

Standard deductions	
Single and married filing separately	\$13,850
Married filing jointly or surviving spouse	\$27,700
Head of household	\$20,800
If married and age 65 or greater or blind, then add	\$1,500
If unmarried and age 63 or greater or blind, then add	\$1,850

Personal exemption

Repealed through December 31, 2025

Social Security earnings limits for retired workers

Retirement age	Earnings limit
Prior to retirement age	\$21,240
Year of retirement	\$56,520
At or over retirement age	None

Self-employment tax

Tax rate for self-employment income is 12.4% on first \$147,000 and 2.9% thereafter.

Gift, estate and trust tax rates				
Taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	+	Of the amount over
-	\$2,900	10%	-	-
\$2,900	\$10,550	\$290	24%	\$2,900
\$10,550	\$14,450	\$2,126	35%	\$10,550
\$14,450	-	\$3,491	37%	\$14,450

Applicable exclusion amount for estate, gift and generation-skipping transfer (GST) tax	\$12,920,000
Maximum estate, gift and GST tax rate	40%
Gift tax annual exclusion	\$17,000

Portability (deceased spousal unused exclusion [DSUE]) and step-up/step-down basis to date of death value apply.

Single filing				
Taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	+	Of the amount over
-	\$11,000	10%	-	-
\$11,000	\$41,775	\$1,100	12%	\$11,000
\$44,725	\$95,375	\$5,147	22%	\$44,725
\$95,375	\$182,100	\$16,290	24%	\$95,375
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$37,104	32%	\$182,100
\$231,250	\$578,125	\$52,832	35%	\$231,250
\$578,125	-	\$174,238.25	37%	\$578,125

	Married filing jointly or surviving spouse				
i	Taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	+	Of the amount over
	-	\$22,000	10%	-	-
	\$22,000	\$89,450	\$2,200	12%	\$22,000
	\$89,450	\$190,750	\$10,294	22%	\$89,450
	\$190,750	\$364,200	\$32,580	24%	\$190,750
	\$364,200	\$462,500	\$74,208	32%	\$364,200
	\$462,500	\$693,750	\$105,664	35%	\$462,500
	\$693,750	-	\$186,601.50	37%	\$693,750

	Married filing separately			
Taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	+	Of the amount over
-	\$11,000	10%	-	-
\$11,000	\$44,725	\$1,100	12%	\$11,000
\$44,725	\$95,375	\$5,147	22%	\$44,725
\$95,375	\$182,100	\$16,290	24%	\$95,375
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$37,104	32%	\$182,100
\$231,250	\$346,875	\$52,832	35%	\$231,250
\$346,875	-	\$93,300.75	37%	\$346,875

	Head of household			
Taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	+	Of the amount over
-	\$15,700	10%	-	-
\$15,700	\$59,850	\$1,570	12%	\$15,700
\$59,850	\$95,350	\$6,868	22%	\$59,850
\$95,350	\$182,100	\$14,678	24%	\$95,350
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$35,498	32%	\$182,100
\$231,250	\$578,100	\$51,226	35%	\$231,250
\$578,100	-	\$172,623.50	37%	\$578,100

Top individual rates in selected states			
Arizona	2.5%	Maine	7.15%
Arkansas	4.9%	Minnesota	9.85%
California	12.3% plus 1% on portion of CA taxable income in excess of \$1M	Missouri	4.95% Beginning Jan. 12023, first \$1,000 is exempt from tax, and all income in excess of \$7,000 is subject to top tax rate of 4.95%.
Colorado	4.55%	Montana	6.75%
District of Columbia	10.75%	Pennsylvania	3.07%
Georgia	5.75%	Virginia	5.75%
Idaho	5.8%	Washington	7% (capital gains tax)
Illinois	4.95%	Wisconsin	7.65%
Kentucky	4.5%, effective Jan. 1, 2023 (flat rate system)		

J	(flat rate system)		
Maximum rate applicable to noncorporate net capital gain and qualified dividends				
Capital asset	Holding period	Tax rate	Filing status	Below taxable income threshold
Short-term capital gains	One year or less	Ordinary income tax rates	-	-
			MFJ or surviving spouse	\$89,250
Long-term capital gains	More than one year	0%	Head of household	\$59,750
Capital gairis	Orie year		Single or MFS	\$44,625
			Estate and trust	\$3,000
			MFJ or surviving spouse	\$553,850
Long-term	More than	15%	Head of household	\$523,050
capital gains	one year		Single	\$492,300
			MFS	\$276,900
			Estate and trust	\$14,650
Long-term capital gains	More than one year	20%	Greater than thresholds	15%
1250 recapture	More than one year	25%	If taxpayer is in a lower tax bracket, the lower rate applies	-
Collectible	More than one year	28%	If taxpayer is in a lower tax bracket, the lower	-

3.8% Medicare tax on net investment income

rate applies

Tax imposed on lesser of net investment income or MAGI > \$250,000 (MFJ), \$125,000 (MFS) or \$200,000 (single)

Medicare tax on high-income earners additional 0.9% tax on wages greater than:

Single or head of household	\$200,000
Married filing jointly or surviving spouse	\$250,000
Married filing separately	\$125,000

Retirement plan limits	
Deferral limits for plans	
§401(k), 403(b) and 457 plans	\$22,500
SIMPLE	\$15,500
Catch-up contributions for participants age 50 or older	
Other than SIMPLE plans	\$7,500
SIMPLE plans	\$3,500
Other limitations and thresholds	
Qualified plans — annual compensation limit	\$330,000
Defined benefit — maximum annual benefit	\$265,000
Defined contribution — maximum annual addition	\$66,000
Key employee in top-heavy plan	\$215,000
Highly compensated employee threshold	\$150,000
SEP compensation threshold for participation	\$750

Individual retirement accounts		
Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs		
Contribution limit	\$6,500	
Catch-up contribution (age 50 or older)	\$1,000	
Phaseout rules based on MAGI ranges		
Traditional IRA deductions phaseout		
Single, head of household — Active participant	\$73,000-\$83,000	
Married filing separately — Any spouse participates	\$0-\$10,000	
Married filing jointly — Nonparticipating spouse	\$218,000-\$228,000	
Married filing jointly — Participating spouse	\$116,000-\$136,000	
Roth IRA contribution eligibility		
Married filing jointly	\$218,000-\$228,000	
Single, head of household	\$138,000-\$153,000	
Married filing separately — Any spouse participates	\$0-\$10,000	

Health savings account	
Plan minimum deductible (self/family)	\$1,500/\$3,000
Contribution maximum (self/family)	\$3,850/\$7,750
Catch-up contribution (age 55 or older)	\$1,000
Plan out-of-pocket limit (self/family)	\$7,500/\$15,000

In the year a participant enrolls in Medicare or changes to a plan that is not HSA eligible, the contribution is prorated based on the number of months the participant has qualifying coverage prior to the month of Medicare enrollment.

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